

## Table III

1	3	4	5
UN no.	Product description	AVFL	Observations
UN 1090	Acetone	0.26	
UN 1145	Cyclohexane	0.10	
UN 1170	Ethanol (ethyl alcohol) or ethanol in solution (ethyl alcohol in solution), aqueous solution containing more than 70% alcohol by volume	0.31	
UN 1179	Ether ethylene butyl	0.16	
UN 1216	Isooctanes	0.08	
UN 1230	Methanol	0.60	
UN 1267	Crude oil (containing less than 10% benzene)	0.12	1)
UN 1993	Inflammable liquid, N.S.O. containing less than 10 % benzene	-	3)
UN 2398	methyl tertiary butyl ether	0.16	
UN 3257	Liquid transported when hot, N.S.O. (Including molten metal, molten salt, etc.) at a temperature equal to or greater than 100° C and below its flashpoint	-	3)
UN 3295	Liquid hydrocarbons, N.S.O. containing less than 10% benzene	-	3)
9001	Substances with a flashpoint above 60° C handed over for transport or transported at a temperature within the range of 15 K below the flashpoint or substances the flashpoint of which > 60° C, heated to within less than 15 K of the flashpoint	-	3), 4)
9003	Substances with a flashpoint greater than 60° C and less than or equal to 100° C which cannot be assigned to any other class or heading within class 9	-	3), 4)

<sup>1)</sup> The AVFL value is that of benzene.

<sup>3)</sup> The AVFL value (which is 10 % of the lower explosive limit) must be notified by the charterer, given that the LEL depends on the composition of the blend.

<sup>4)</sup> Note: 9001 and 9003 are not UN numbers within the meaning of the reference requirements. These are numbers known as substance numbers, created specifically for the ADN and for tanker shipping only.